

# Investigating and Comparing Trees – Look into the Future at the LCCC Arboretum

Name	Date	
1. Find and compare the:		
Cherry Tree	Dogwood Tree	



This is what each would look like as a mature tree in spring		
Measure trunk circumference:	Measure trunk circumference:	
Measure the height:	Measure the height:	
Use magnifying glass to find the axil, petiole, stiple, midrib, vein, blade, and tip of a leaf from each tree: photograph or sketch on back		
Describe any insects or animals or nests that you see on either of the trees		
Which type of tree grows to the tallest mature height?		
Which tree has blossoms but not fruit?		
What animals eat the fruit of the tree that grows fruit?		

# Investigating Trees – Look into the Future at the LCCC Arboretum

Materials: Camera to photograph trees and re	ead QR codes; measuring tape	
Name	Date	
1. Find and compare the:  Quaking Aspen	American Hornbeam	
This is what each would look like	e as a mature tree in summer	
Measure trunk circumference:	Measure trunk circumference:	
Measure the crown:	Measure the crown:	
Leaves of a quaking aspen are shaped like:  What colors are the leaves in fall? Quaking aspen:  Use a magnifying glass to find the axil, petiole, stiple, photograph or sketch on back		
Name animals eat the seeds of one of these trees		
Will the mature spread size for these trees be the same or which would be larger?		
Which tree has clones that sprout from the roots? _		
How is the bark different between these trees?		

In the fall, will these trees turn the same colors? Yes \_\_\_\_ No\_\_\_\_ What colors will the leaves of the aspen turn? \_\_\_\_\_ The hornbeam? \_\_\_\_\_



### Investigating Trees – (answer key) Look into the Future at the LCCC Arboretum

Name	Date	

#### 1. Find and compare the:

#### **Cherry Tree**



#### **Dogwood Tree**



This is what each would look like as a mature tree in spring

Measure trunk circumference:	Measure trunk circumference:	
Measure the height:	Measure the height:	
Use a magnifying glass to find the axil, petiole, stiple, midrib, vein, blade, and tip of a leaf from each tree: photograph or sketch on back		
Describe any insects or animals or nests on either of the trees		

Which type of tree grows to the tallest mature height? Cherry (30-40 ft) grows taller than Dogwood (20-25 ft)

Which tree has blossoms but not fruit? Cherry

What animals eat the fruit of the tree that grows fruit? Dogwood has fruit eaten by birds, chipmunks, deer, rabbits, skunks, squirrels



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Name	Date	
Find and compare the:		
Quaking Aspen	American Hornbeam	



# Allerical

This is what each would look like as a mature tree in summer

Measure trunk circumference:	Measure trunk circumference:
Measure the crown:	Measure the crown:

The leaves of a quaking aspen are shaped like what? Hearts. The leaves of a hornbeam tree are shaped like what? Ovals. What colors are the leaves in fall? Quaking aspen: yellow. Hornbeam: red-orange. Use a magnifying glass to find the axil, petiole, stiple, midrib, vein, blade, and tip of a leaf from each tree: photograph or sketch on back

Name animals eat the seeds or buds of one of these trees: Birds, foxes and squirrels eat the seeds and buds of the hornbeam tree.

Will the mature spread size for these trees be the same or which would be larger? The spread of the mature trees will be similar for the two types of trees. Hornbeam: 20-35 ft, Quaking aspen: 20-30 ft.

Which tree has clones that sprout from the roots? Quaking Aspen. What are clones? Tree sprouts that grow from the root of the tree to propagate the tree.

How is the bark different between these trees? Bark on the quaking aspen is white/yellowish grey and smoother. Bark on the hornbeam is grey and has grooves on it (looks like muscles).